

GRAVEN HILL WILDLIFE MAP

This map represents a small number of potential species that can be expected throughout the construction of Graven Hill and how they are protected.

Badger



Badgers live in the woods in underground setts and are nocturnal (sleep during the day). Graven Hill has multiple setts nearby. They are protected and it is illegal to harm a badger or damage a badger sett.

Great Crested Newt



The largest native newt species in Britain. It is found in waterbodies on site in woodland areas and hedgerows. A fence surrounds the site to prevent newts from entering and being harmed.

Common Pipistrelle Bat



Brown Long-eared Bat



Bats roost in buildings and trees across the Graven Hill site and nearby. They leave the roost in the evening and forage for food along hedgerows and the woodland edge. All bats are protected in the UK.

Grass snake



The largest species of snake in the UK. It lives in open woodland and hedgerows where there are ponds or lakes. It is not dangerous to people.



LEGEND	
	Site Boundary
	Badger setts
	Bat roosts
	Amphibian exclusion fence

Birds

Graven Hill has over 50 species of bird present. The most common is the Wood Pigeon (not protected). 24 are on the list for conservation concern and three are highly protected (shown below). It is illegal to harm these birds.

Peregrine Falcon



A large and powerful bird. It will be seen most commonly during winter.

Barn Owl



A common bird throughout the UK and will be seen most often in the countryside and woodland areas.

Red Kite



Unmistakable due to its red underbelly and forked tail. It was almost made extinct until conservation efforts increased the population.

Deer



Large deer populations can cause significant damage to the environment. The deer population at Graven Hill is managed so the woodland is a healthy habitat for all species.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU COME ACROSS ECOLOGY ON SITE?

Do not disturb any ecology encountered on site.